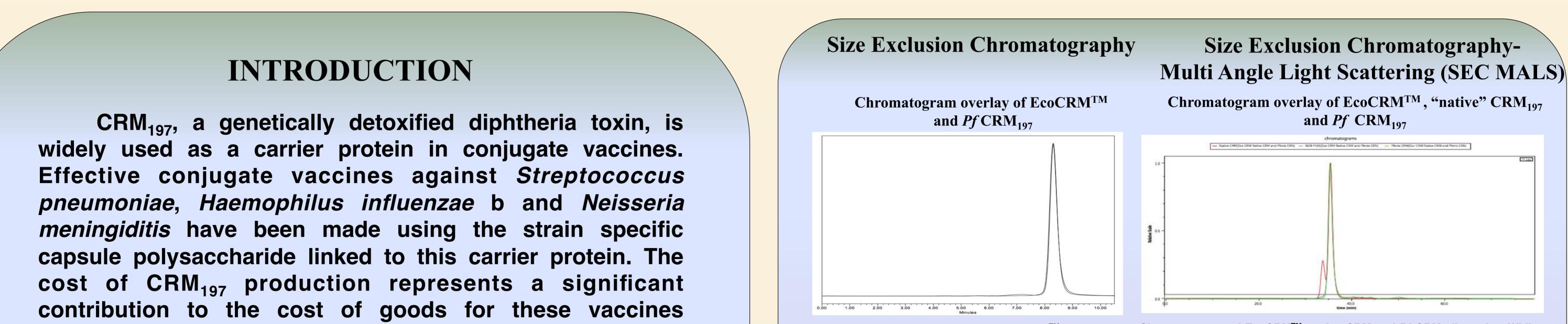
Characterization of EcoCRMTM, an *E. coli* Expressed CRM₁₉₇ **Conjugate Vaccine Carrier Protein**

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however. Fina BioSolutions has improved the production process by development of a highly efficient *Escherichia coli* expression system for CRM_{197} , along with a simple purification scheme, whereby we have achieved expression yields of grams per liter.

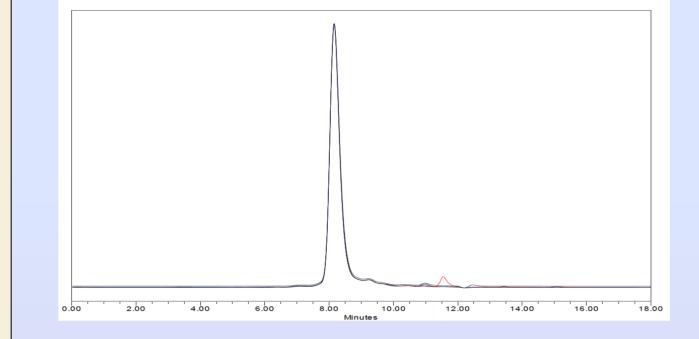
Here, we show that EcoCRM[™] maintained equivalency to "native" (expressed in *Corynebacterium diphtheriae*) or **Pf** CRM₁₉₇ (expressed in *Pseudomonas fluorescens*) for composition and sequence (amino acid analysis and peptide mapping), stability (differential scanning calorimetry), molecular weight (multi-angle light scattering, and mass spectrometry), structure (circular dichroism, intrinsic fluorescence). EcoCRM[™] also maintained solubility at high concentrations and over a broad pH range. We also confirmed the carrier function of EcoCRM[™] using conjugation to Salmonella LPS derived O-polysaccharide as a model system.

By SEC HPLC, both Pf CRM and EcoCRM[™] show comparable separation patterns and <1% dimer.

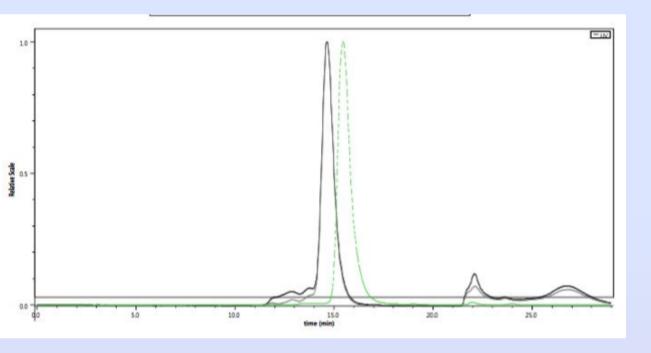
Chromatograms of EcoCRM[™], native CRM and Pf CRM all overlay. While native CRM exhibited dimerization due to sample age, Pf CRM and EcoCRM[™] had virtually no aggregation. The MW calculated by MALS was within experimental range of theoretical MW of 58,408. MW of native CRM was not calculated due to dimerization.

Solubility at high concentrations

High concentrations after modification



EcoCRM[™] was prepared in buffers from pH 6 to pH 9, without additives, and concentrated to 28 mg/ml using an Amicon Ultra device. Recovery after concentration was >95% (BCA assay) and the monomeric state of the protein was confirmed by SEC HPLC.



EcoCRM[™] was labeled with a 30 fold molar excess of the NHS maleimide reagent (GMBS) and concentrated to 30 mg/ml at pH 6.8 using an Amicon Ultra spin device. Protein recovery was >95% (BCA assay). Monomeric state of the modified protein was confirmed by SEC HPLC.

EcoCRMTM : Stability at 4°C **EcoCRMTM: SDS-PAGE and WB** +DTT -DTT MW MW +DTT 1 1+DTT 2 2+DTT MW 1 2 129 kDa 129 kDa 80 kDa 80 kDa 60 kDa 60 kDa 40 kDa ← EcoCRMTM→ 30 kDa 20 kDa 40 kDa 30 kDa 20 kDa

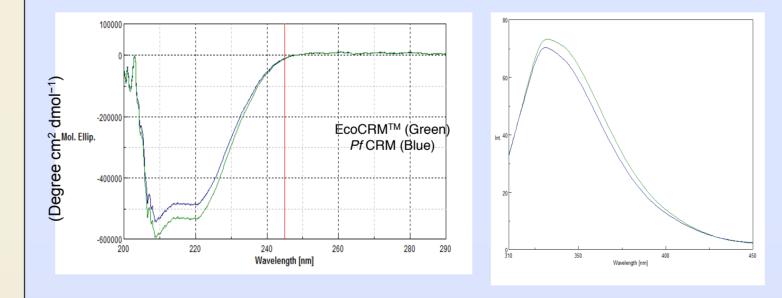
2- EcoCRM[™] (*E. coli*) 1- *Pf* CRM₁₉₇ (*Pseudomonas*) A: SDS-PAGE, reduced vs non reduced, Coomassie Blue staining B:Western Blot, detection with polyclonal rabbit@CRM₁₉₇ (AIC Biotech)

EcoCRM[™] shows minimal "nicking" and degradation after 60 days at 4°C

B

EcoCRMTM : Secondary structure

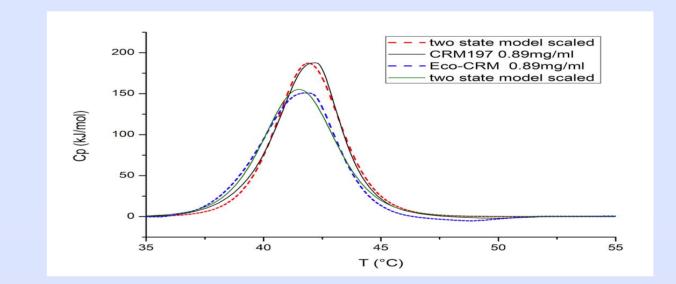
Circular dichroism spectra Intrinsic Fluorescence



The similarity of the far UV CD spectra indicates similar percentages of alpha-helix and beta-sheet of EcoCRM[™] and *Pf* CRM.

Tryptophan fluorescence (excitation at 295 nm) is diagnostic of the conformational state of the protein as the emission peaks are influenced by the microenvironment. The overlay of the the spectra of EcoCRM[™] and *Pf* CRM are indicative of similar conformations for each.

Protein Thermal Denaturation Differential Scanning Calorimetry



EcoCRMTM and "native" **CRM**₁₉₇ have similar Tm and Δ H values within experimental error, Indicating that they have similar thermal stability. This confirms that EcoCRM[™] has its full complement of disulfides.

,	EcoCRM TM : LC MS Peptide Mapping	EcoCRMTM: Nuclease Activity				Conjugates Immunogenicity	
	Eco-CRM: 99% sequence coverage	DNA	+ EcoCRM TM	+ Control			
	M/GADDVVDSS KSFVMENFSS YHGTKPGYVD SIQKGIQKPK SGTQGNYDDD WKEFYSTDNK YDAAGYSVDN ENPLSGKAGG VVKVTYPGLT KVLALKVDNA	fragment	1 10	1 10		/ Man—Abe	n <0.0001
	ETIKKELGLS LTEPLMEQVG TEEFIKRFGD GASRVVLSLP FAEGSSSVEY INNWEQAKAL SVELEINFET RGKRGQDAMY EYMAQACAGN RVRRSVGSSL	8	1 µg 10 µg	1 μg 10 μg			10^7
	SCINLDWDVI RDKTKTKIES LKEHGPIKNK MSESPNKTVS EEKAKQYLEE FHQTALEHPE LSELKTVTGT NPVFAGANYA AWAVNVAQVI DSETADNLEK					Rha	

SUMMARY

EcoCRM[™] ✓ Purified from *E. coli* as single chain

ALSILPG IGSVMGIADG AVHHNTEEIV AOSIALSSIM VAQAIPLVGE LVDIGFAAYN FVESIINLFQ VVHNSYNRPA YSPGHKTQPF LHDGYAV SIIRTG FOGESGHDIK ITAENTPLPI AGVLLPTIPG KLDVNKSKTH ISVNGRKIRM RCRAIDGDVT FCRPKSPVYV SNEISSDSI GVLGYQKTVD HTKVNSKLSL FFEIKS

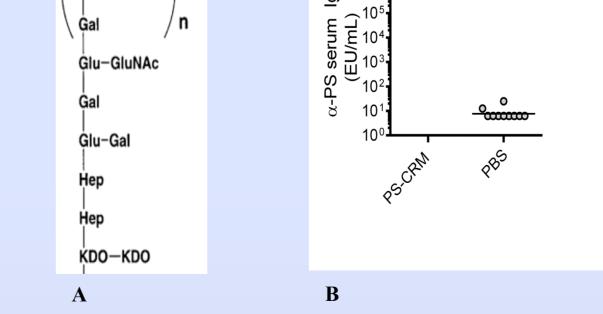
CRM: 95% sequence coverage

NEISSDSIG VLGYQKTVDH TKVNSKLSLF FEIKS

Peptide maps of EcoCRM[™] and "native" CRM were compared. Following trypsin, chymotrypsin or Glu-C digestion, the peptides were analyzed by nano LC/MS/MS. Over 95% coverage was achieved. The peptide maps were identical except for the N-terminal fragment.

EcoCRM[™] was found to have approximately 50% of N formyl methionine as the starting amino acid.

The nuclease activity of EcoCRM [™] was assayed by 30 min incubation with linearized DNA and electrophoresis on 1% agarose. Tetanus toxin heavy chain fragment (TTHC) expressed and purified from *E.coli* was used as a negative control. EcoCRM[™] but not TTHC caused degradation of the DNA fragment.



S. typhimurium core outer polysaccharide (COPS)) was covalently linked to EcoCRM[™] via its KDO group (A).

Groups of 10 female outbred CD-1 mice were immunized 3 times with 2.5 μ g of conjugated COPS at 28 day intervals. Serum was taken 21 days after the final dose and assessed for anti- S. typhimurium COPS IgG titers by ELISA (B).

monomeric protein ✓ Remains monomeric at pH 6-9 even at high concentrations ✓ Excellent immunogenicity and carrier function

Equivalence with CRM₁₉₇ from other sources: ✓ Amino acid sequences match except for the presence of f-Met ✓ Possesses intrinsic nuclease activity ✓ *Biophysical similarity: DSC, CD,* intrinsic fluorescence

 \rightarrow An economical alternative \leftarrow

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